



"A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF THE ATTITUDES OF PARENTS' TOWARDS' PARTICIPATION IN COMPETITIVE SPORTS ACTIVITIES"

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CHAPTER-1

INTRODUCTION

PROLOGUE-

"Sports" refers to an 'activity oriented field' the 'DIS' and 'PORTERE' which means "Carrying away from work". Sports start with the movement and gradually encompass mental intellectual aspects of the child personality 'Sports' is an ever-expanding avenue of human life from very simple beginning it has developed into a highly organized activity of human society from earliest time to the modern age. Sports in its various forms have played a vital role in the life of mankind. It is called to be an individual activated born out of natural urge for movement included as a part of human life. Sports may be viewed as the aspect of human activity, which essentially strengthens the integration of body and mind. Sports and physical activity are considered to be universal elements within virtually all cultures from highly industrialized societies to developing countries. Sports activities and physical education activities has a special significance unique role and has made unlimited contribution in the modern age as it caters to biological, sociological and

necessities to the man sport is rational, playful activity in interaction, which extrinsically rewarding. Sports provide adequate avenues for expression and emotionally outlets. Sports are a type of learning which comes in participation; through this learning many not be of the conventional s one kind of learning in sport is learning about people. Most s participant reading testify that they have met become acquainted with and developed a greater understanding of others through sports. It leads to benefits of fellowship. Sport activities create an atmosphere in which friendship can be more easily framed. Sports also help in the enhancement of one's own character. How to union with pride without being prod How to lose with disappointment, win yet with grace? As sport does not mean the same thing to every one but the rabies that can be derived from purification extend for beyond the activity itself and mean much more th the final score.

A sport is not art of religion, or moral ideals. But with all these it shares values which are al least humanly high and always highly human Those who are not active in sports need to realize what they are missing those who are active must be encouraged to remain so. Sport shell becomes an integral part of every one's life, for sport truly is a wonderful word. It offers one of the most extreme from of competition in our society.

Sports imply basic cultural values. It has potential to pass this on to the participants. We know the process of socialization that the exposure of children to complete sports will make this achievement motivated. From primitive societies to the modern societies, sport not only socialized to the system of values and norms, but in primitive societies it socializes to words skill as well.

There is a further controversy whether participants in games and sports develop the personality characteristics as a result of their participation in game and sports or do these qualities already exist in than prior to their participation and achievement in competitive sports.

STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

The purpose of the study was to determine the attitude of the parent's towards their wards participation in competitive sports.

An Attitude is an acquired through related to some thing. Attitude of an individual may differ from other. It may be positive or negative. These positive or negative attitudes of an individual may be due to personal experience of different through given by their family or influences by society and community.

Researcher in her childhood participated in various competitive sports. Activities researcher found that many students eager to participates in sports competition whereas some escaping for the activities. There was always of question in researches mind that why the students are not giving importance to sports competition? With very many question in mind that why participation of child in sports competition is not important as a other co-cultural activities? Why students are not interested? And what are the view of society and community towards child participations in competitive sports competition, with all the quires in mind the researches took the present study for investigation and stated the problem as under:

"A Comparative Study of the Attitudes of Parents" Towards their Wards' Participation in Competitive sports Activities".

OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

Objectives are the particular and precise means employed to realize an aim, they are considered, Worthwhile as aim, they are measures up to the standard of aim it is something desirable which seem possible of being attained and through which the final goal is brought nearer to realization. The researcher considered all above-mentioned point and stated some objective related to study;

*To know attitudes of parent's towards their wards participation in competitive sports activities. To know the view or attitudes of parent's regarding sports and physical activities and its impact on their wards.

To evaluate and analysis the important of sports activities and its role in the child development.

HYPOTHESIS

On the basis of literature reviewed available research finding, expert Opinion and Researcher's own understanding of the problem it was hypothesized that most of the parents did not have a positive or favourable attitudes towards their ward's participation in competitive sports activities.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

(A) DE LIMITATIONS

*The study was delimited to the parents of Satna district and only 100 parents will be selected for the present study as subject. The study only was absolutely is not limited to educated people of society. Age, caste, economical status, weight, height and officially experience are not kept in the study.

(B) LIMITATIONS

As the present study is limited to only 100 parents subjects and in administration of questionnaire the following limitation are recognized It is unlikely that the respondent could react to statement validity in the absence of personal experience.

*It is not likely the equal number of responses obtained by several individuals would indicate equal degree of favourable attitudes. *There is possibility that an individual may answer according to what he or she thinks they should feel, rather than how they really feel.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY

Though participation in competitive sports activities is recognized in society yet it is not given the status it deserves. It is often contended that this neglect is due to non-recognition of importance of sports by the parents and the general public mainly due to the ignorance about the objectives of sports competition, which in term leads to an unfavourable attitude to wards this vital area.

It was expected that this study might reveal the attitudes, favourable or other wise parents towards various aspect of sports in child development such as physical mental, personality, emotional, social educational. This will help the society to reinforce the favourable attitudes in order to cultivate a positive approach towards participation of child in competitive sports. The results of study may help in formulating measures to educate the parents in realization of the necessity of their words participating in sports to lead to balanced development of the Childs personality.

METHODS

Research methodology plays an important role in sports Research work. An investigator in order to conduct a research resorts to some technique or devices for gathering facts or data from the relevant fields these data gathering devices or instrumentalities are called 'research tools once the problem has been selected, its scope is demarcated and various other issues tacked, the researcher is bound with the problem how to investigate, how to begin, keeping in view the aims and objective of the study, the researcher has to look for appropriate tools to get this work done, these tools are of many kinds and employ distinctive way of describing and quantifying appropriate for certain kind of task, yielding information of the kind and in the form that would be most effectively used. An eminent researcher Kailash defined "tool or an instrument is a means through which the researcher is enabled to collect data needed for the study" the research tools may be either already available in the field or may be required to develop by the researchers. In

either situation, the main considerations in their use are their relevance, reliability and validity. The relevance of a research tool implies its appropriateness, its reliability means its consistency and its validity refers to the genuineness or purposefulness. In this research work researcher has used Opinionative as research tool.

An Opinionative is defined as a special form of inquiry used by the researcher to collect the opinions of a sample of population on certain facts or factors regarding problem under investigation. In physical education and sports, the use of opinionative is very beneficial especially when it is necessary to know the attitudes. Opinionative is a good device in research where it may be fruitful to spot out lacuna in the existing practices in physical education, health education, recreation and sports. Coaches or physical educationists themselves can easily construct Opinionative.

Statistical procedure

1. Measurement of attitude

The selection of a proper tool was of vital importance for this study since the aim was to assess the attitude of the parents towards child participation in competitive sports activities. It was decided to use attitude opinionative as a tool. With the help of the opinionative the investigator tried to get the reflection of attitudes of the respondents towards their wards participation in competitive sports activities and area of survey it was Satna district. The validity of the responses received greatly depended upon the integrity of the respondents and hence absolute validity could not be expected however the anonymous responses ensured the greater validity of the responses

2. Sample

In the present research work the samples were taken from the randomly selected area of Same as subjects the Parents of the child was selected samples in sample the age factor, sex, educational qualification was the main consideration in research work to know parents attitude towards their wards participation in competitive sports activities 100 parent's was selected belonged from the various area, belonging to various caste, religion and culture for the purpose of the study the parents were educated enough to understand and provide relevant responses to the general opinions asked in the opinionative.

3. Selection and modifications of opinionnaire

The research scholar gleaned through the various relevant literature pertaining to the present study and prepare to the present study and prepare opinionative with the help to guide and other experts by modifying the already existing opinionative which used in various similar type of studies in the Amravati college of physical education and sports science, Amravati. An attempt was made to make the wording of the statements simple, clear, relevant and free from ambiguity. The selection or measuring the attitude was opinionative i.e. "Likert Method of Summated Rating". The method was originated in 1932 by VIKAS LIKERT and it is also know as five points scales In this method the provision was made on the right side of each statement to On the not befit of note the attitude of the respondent by ticking the on of the responses VIZ strongly agree, Agree, undecided, disagree and strongly disagree, respectively. The aspects under witch the statements can be grouped and the number of statements under each aspect have been shown in table A

TABLE-A

ASPECTS OF SPORTS AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES AND THE NUMBER OF STATEMENTS IN EACH

ASPECTS STATEMENTS	NO. OF
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PHYSICAL

8

ASPECTS

MENTAL

8

ASPECTS

SOCIAL

8

ASPECT

EMOTIONAL

8

ASPECT

PERSONALITY, EDUCATIONAL AND ECONOMICAL ASPECT

8



4. Administration of the opinionnaire

The opinionnaire were distributed to 150 parents their in different area of Satna district and responses were collected in the same way: 44.7% of opinionnaire could be received duly filled in even after reminders were given to the parents. The causes of poor response may be personal problems or negligence on the part of the respondents. Due to lack of time the research scholar could not personally visit their home again and again for collecting the responses.

5. Scoring

The scoring of the opinionnaire is done according to the statements depending upon the positive or negative either favourable or unfavourable view of the sample It is the positive statements then the scoring is done

Strongly Agree 5

Agree 4

Uadecimal 3

Strongly Disagree 2

Disagree 1

● and if the statement is negative then the scoring is done like,

Strongly Agree 1

Agree 2

Undecimal 3

Strongly Disagree 4

Disagree 5

Then the number added and represents with the total number of statements or opinionnaire

6. Statically Procedure

't' test was applied to see the significance of difference of parents' attitudes towards their wards' participation in competitive sports activities In 't' test the responses of significance difference may be evaluated in 0.01 level of confidence in which value more 2.58 as significant and less than

A coder as non significant result or either 0.05 level of confidence in which value more than 1.9% show the significant and value less than 1.96 As a significant result present research work the Responses of total aire were tested at 005 level of confidence further statistical pre was also used to describe the responses in some meaningful way.

CHAPTER IV

ANALYSIS OF DATA AND RESULT OF THE STUDY

In this chapter analysis, findings and results are reported so as to draw the inferences of the study, Included with the collection of data, level of confidence, findings and discussions of the study.

COLLECTION OF DATA

The data was collected randomly from the rural and urban area of Satna 100 data of parents consider as subject was collected for the purpose of study. There were educated enough to understand and provide relevant response to opinionnaire method used was 'Likert Method of Summated Rating' which was five point scale. The collection of data was for the study, to the significance difference in attitudes of parents towards their wards participation in competitive sports activities. The data collected was systematically analyzed.

FINDINGS

The method used in findings and analysis data is T test a statistical procedure for analysis the significance difference of two groups. Firstly the whole data should be arranged in ascending order for preparing class interval and accordingly placed by the frequency in the table, then a statically procedure the data collected should be tested whether the data is normally distributed and is applicable for the parametric test, if it is normally distributed then I test can be applied as further statistical

procedure to find the significance difference of the two groups of parents or the vice-versa.

LEVEL OF CONFIDENCE

T test used as statistical procedure in the present study. The level of confidence is 0.05

ANALYSIS OF DATA

The analysis of parent's attitude towards their wards participation in competitive sports activities is done in three category i.e. according to age and Educational qualification, from the analysis result applied in 0.05 level of confidence in 't ratio the value is 0.87 and -150.15 respectively which is non significant result whereas the according to sex category (mother and father) as a significant result as there 't Ratio is 5.09 which is more than 1.96 level of freedom in 0.05 level of confidence. The responses were collected in the form of Research tools as "opioinaire" and including with all various aspects of sport and physical activities like Physical aspects, mental aspects, Social aspects, Emotional aspects, and Personality aspects. Education aspects and Economical aspects. The measuring of attitudes was used by a research tool- Opinonnaire which is "Likert method of summated rating', which is a five point scale original by Vikas Likert

DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS

Out of forty (40) statements, 22 indicated highly positive attitude whereas 18 statements revealed negative attitude towards sports participation and physical activities this may be attributed to the fact that, there are many significance difference of parents (Mothers and fathers) attitudes towards wards participation in competitive sports activities. It moreover depends on the present status and condition of physical education and sports activities in our country. The socio-economic condition does not allow the physical activities and sports participation program to flourish more as the aspirations of the parents towards their children may be high and this may be motivation them to opt for more recognized Technical profession. They may probably also have reservations in putting children in the field to sport due to lack of returns and social recognitions.

The majority in negative attitude towards sports may also be attributed to the feat of the parents towards over indulgence of their children in physical activities and sports which may have negative impact on their academic carries. From analysis of

late it is evident from the response made by the parents that a large majority of them have not recognized the importance of sports and its social, emotional, mental and educational values.

