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A REVIEW ON: HERB USED IN POLY HERBAL HAIR OIL

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1. ABSTRACT: -

Hair plays a very important role in the personality of humans and for their cure by using lots of cosmetic products.

Herbs & herbal drugs are clinically proved good for hair growth. Hair loss problem is of great concern to both males & females & the main problems associated with hair loss are hair fading, dandruff & falling of hair. Various synthetic medicines are available for hair loss which does not treat permanently & also shows severe side effects. The main objective of this work is to develop such an herbal hair oil formulation which can resolve the problem related to hair fall & other hair diseases The oil was prepared according to Ayurvedic pharmacopeia. The evaluation of prepared poly herbal hair oil was carried out by various parameters such as organoleptic, phytochemical, specific gravity, pH, viscosity, acid value, saponification value, refractive index and stability studies. Antimicrobial activity of the poly herbal hair oil was studied by the zone of inhibition method. The Antioxidant activity of the oil was studied by DPPH radical scavenging test. Primary skin irritation test, hair length test were performed and the hair growth was compared with standard Minoxidil 2% ethanolic solution using healthy albino rats.Poly herbal hair oil using various fresh leaves of Hibiscus Rosa Sinesis, Aloe Barbadensis leaf, curry leaves, amla, shikekai. These formulations coconut oil as the base. Hair care products used both hair tonic as well as hair grooming aids.

Hence, it is concluded that the oil is beneficial in maintaining good growth of hairs, turning grey hairs to black, providing protection from dandruff, and results in lustrous looking hairs.

Keywords: polyherbal hair oil, antioxidant activity, antidandruff assay

2. INTRODUCTION: -

DEFINATION: -

HERB: -

Any plant with leaves, seeds, or flowers used for flavoring, food, medicine, or balm 'Bundles of deride herbs.

BOTANY: -

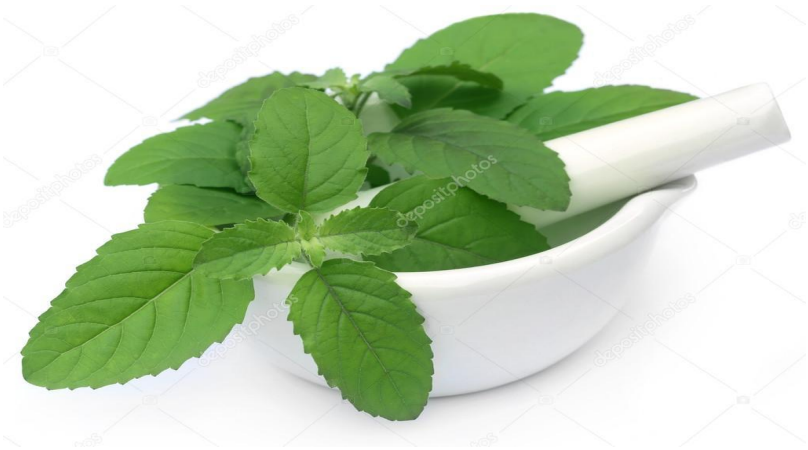
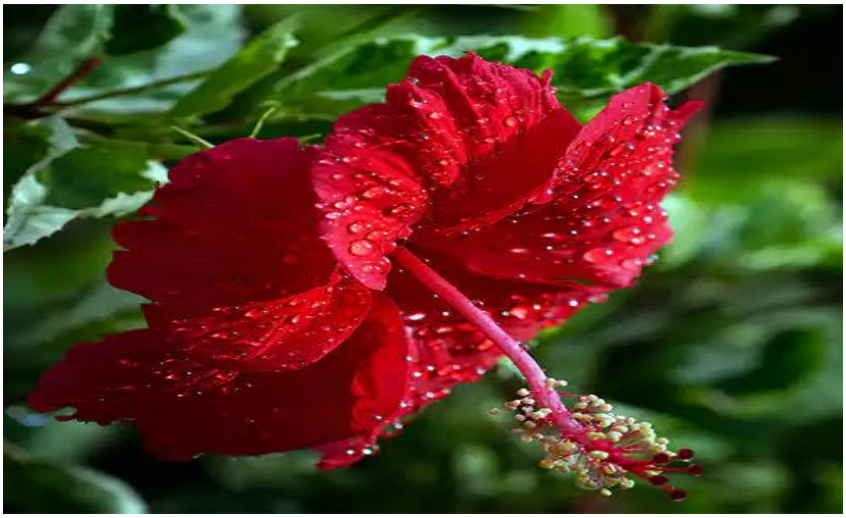
Any seed-bearing plant that does not have a woody stem and dies down to the ground after flowering "the banana plant is the world's largest herb"

POLY HERBAL HAIR OIL:

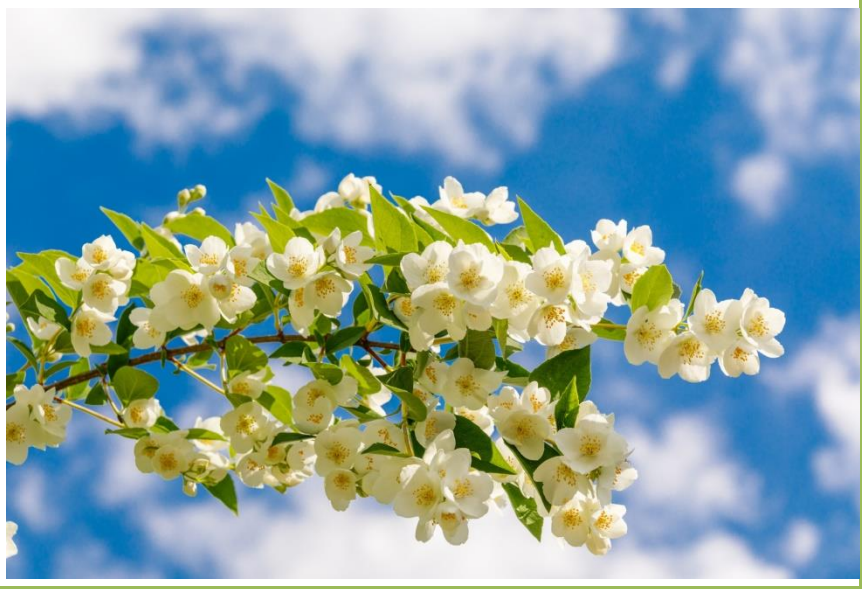
Hair performs an essential position in human frame and it's far taken into consideration to be defensive appendages at the frame and accent shape of the integument in conjunction with sebaceous glands, sweat glands and nails. The major troubles related to hair together with pigmentation troubles (Fading), dandruff and failing of hair (Shedding). Each hair grows in 3 cyclic levels together with anagen (increase), catagen (involution) and telogen (rest). The anagen segment may be as brief as 2-6 years. In the catagen segment, the increase pastime will increase and hair movements to the subsequent segment, catagen segment is among 2-three weeks. The telogen segment is a nation at which the hairs flow into resting nation as 2-three months. In general, 50 to a hundred hairs are regarded to be shed regular and a growth of greater than a hundred constitutes a nation of hair loss or alopecia. Amla is wealthy supply of diet C and consists of considerable quantity of pectin wealthy in mineral subjects like phosphorous, iron, calcium. Bacopa monnieri acts on mind in order that it's far known as nervine tonic. Hibiscus includes calcium, phosphorus, iron, diet B1, riboflavin, niacin and diet C, used to stimulate thicker hair increase and stops untimely graying. of hair. Bramhi consists of alkaloids which beautify protein kinase pastime. Methi consists of excessive protein fooder which deliver required protein nutrients to hair. Trigonella foenum graecum is used as excessive protein fodder and for its cleaning and softening pastime and it additionally promotes scalp fitness and stops hair falling. Leaves of Murraya koenigii is used for its antiseptic properties, Cocos nucifera is used to sell the increase of hair. The formulations have been additionally subjected to chromatographic willpower and chetests to decide the presence of lively ingredients withinside the drugs. But searching toward the formula viscosity the most awareness of mixed drug changed into determined to be 30% at their most level. The formula containing 7.5% of every drug used for the take a look at and confirmed tremendous hair increase pastime with standard (2% minoxidil ethanolic solution) with the aid of using an expansion of follicular length and prolongation of the anagen segment. It holds the promise of mighty natural opportunity for minoxidil. Excellent outcomes of hair increase have been visible in formula organized with the aid of using boiling approach of oils guidance technique. The thought of splendor and cosmetics is as historic as mankind and civilization. So, they use different splendor merchandise which have herbs to appearance ravishing and young. Indian herbs and its intendment are popular worldwide. As the call suggests, the natural extracts method the extracts of herbs. It is an historic technique due to the fact its starting place turned into observed from the holy Vedas and in Unani scriptures. As the focus stated that the chemical drug treatments aren't continually paintings as magic bullets and they'll have

side consequences. The in-fashion movements in the direction of the herbalism and use of herbal merchandise. Indian herbs are the wealthy supply for use in beauty industries. Hair oils the ones embrace natural capsules are referred to as hair tonics. These are contrived via way of means of natural extracts in an oil base. Hair oils are the hair care formulations applied for remedy of hair problems along with baldness, greying of hairs, hair falling, and dryness of hairs. A plethora of herbs were hired for hair treatments. A few of those herbs are Amla, Henna, Neem, Methi, Lemon, Tulsi, Brahmi, Shikakai, Reetha, Liquorice root, Musk root, Mahabhringraj, Jantamasi,Chitraka, Marigold, Hibiscus, Nutmeg, Parsley, Rosemary, Thyme. Herbal formulations continually have tempted big interest due to their correct bustle and relatively lesser or nil side consequences with artificial capsules.

Representing different herbs with figures used in the preparation of hair oil: -

1	Aloe Vera pulp subsumes proteolytic enzymes which upkeep useless pores and skin cells at the scalp. It additionally feat as an amazing conditioner and leaves your hair all clean and shiny. It bolsters hair growth, prevents itching at the scalp, reduces dandruff and situations your hair.	
2	Tulsi is a cogent treatment for hair loss. It is perpended as a critical factor in natural hair loss treatment. The herb works with the aid of using strengthening the hair roots, thereby curtailing hair fall, save you bacterial and fungal infections	
3	Hibiscus flowers are used to clout untimely graying of hair Save hair loss and spilt ends.	
4	Shikakai fights in contrast to dandruff and antedate lice.	

		
5	Methi control hair fall and supports your hair from origin to tip.	
6	Coconut oil nourishes the scalp and proffer shine to the hairs.	

7	Almond oil rich in vitamin E used in the treatment of hair loss and strengthen the hairs	
8	Jasmine flowers serves as anti-microbial agent, conditioning agent and also gives good odour to the oil.	

CLASSIFICATION OF INGREDIENTS USED IN HERBAL HAIR OIL: -

1. Aloe Vera
2. Hibiscus
3. Tulsi
4. Shikakai
5. Methi
6. Coconut Oil
7. Almond Oil
8. Jasmine Flower

PLANT PROFILE 1:

ALOE VERA:

Fig.No.01 ALOE VERA

- Scientific name: Aloe vera
- Family: Asphodelaceae
- Order: Asparagales
- Kingdom: Plantae

CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTE: -

Aloe vera carries about 98.5% water, even as the mucilage or gel includes approximately 99.5% water. The last 0.5 – 1% strong fabric includes a number of compounds inclusive of water-soluble and fat-soluble vitamins, minerals, enzymes, polysaccharides, phenolic compounds and natural acid.

USES: -

- ✓ Moisturizing properties
- ✓ Anti-inflammatory
- ✓ Antibacterial
- ✓ Antifungal
- ✓ Antiviral
- ✓ Wound healing
- ✓ Pain relief Treatment of minor burn
- ✓ skin abrasions
- ✓ irritations Treatment of psoriasis and frostbite

Plant profile 2:
Hibiscus:

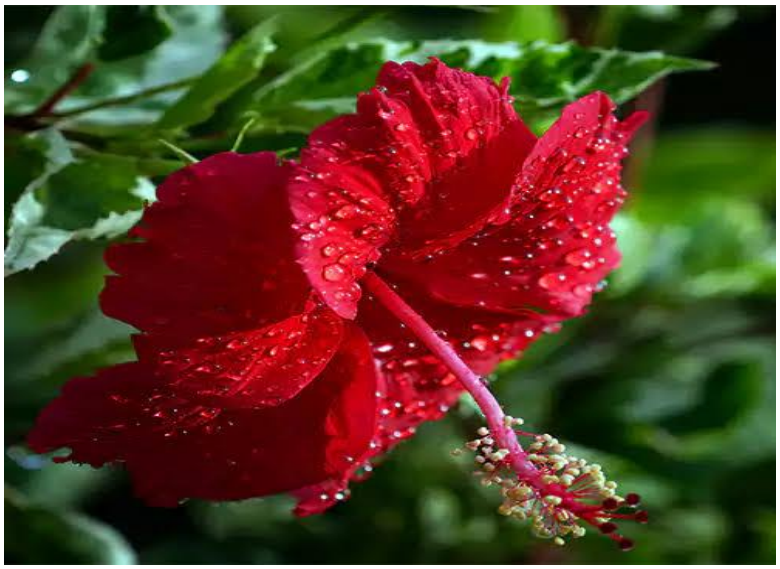


Fig.No.02Hibiscus

- Scientific name: Hibiscus
- Family: Malvaceae
- Order: malvales
- Kingdom: Plantae

Plant Description: -

The herb Hibiscus rosa sinensis Linn is a glabrous shrub widely cultivated in the tropics as an ornamental plant and has several forms with varying colour of flowers. The leaves and flowers promote hair growth and aid in healing of ulcers.

Chemical Constituents:

It contains taraxeryl acetate, beta-sitosterol, camposterol, stigmasterol, erogosterol, flavonoids, glycosides, lipids, citric and oxalic acids.

USES: -

- ✓ Leaf extract of Hibiscus rosa-sinensis increases hair length and the anagen/telogen ratio of hair follicles in mice.
- ✓ Formulation containing Eclipta alba Hassk, Hibiscus rosa sinensis Linn, Nardostachys Jatamansi have excellent hair growth promoting activity, they mainly act by an enlargement of follicular size and a prolongation of the anagen phase.

PLANT PROFILE: -

TULSI: -

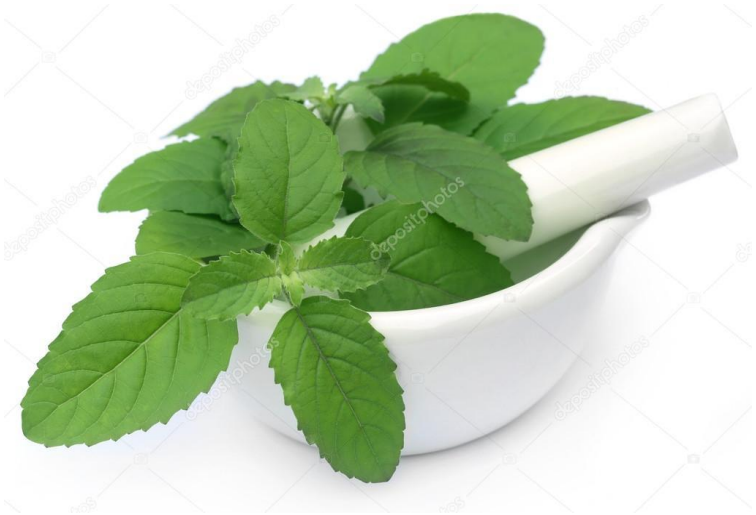


Fig.No.03Tulsi.

Scientific name: Ocimum tenuiflorum
Family: Lamiaceae
Order: Lamiales
Kingdom: Plantae

Plant Material-

Fresh Leaves of decided on medicinal herb ocimum sanctum (Tulsi) turned into harvested from the natural lawn of Galgotias university, Greater Noida withinside the month of December, 2018. The accrued leaves had been very well washed with faucet water to keep away from dusts and different undesirable substances gathered at the leaves from their herbal environment. The dirt unfastened leaves had been shade, dried at room temperature. After 4-five days for acquiring aqueous extract, the nicely dried leaves had been then grinding into the quality powder via way of means of the usage of the grinding device than the powder fabric of tulsi leaves had been weighed nicely. The quality powder of tulsi leaves turned into saved in a smooth and tightly closed box for extraction. Tulsi is a cogent treatment for hair loss. It is prepensed as a critical aspect in natural hair loss treatment. The herb works via way of means of strengthening the hair roots, thereby curtailing hair fall, save you bacterial and fungal infections. Mayer reagent, Wagner's reagent, Lead ethanoate, Alkaline Reagent, Ferric chloride, Molisch's reagent, Alkaline reagent, Barford's reagent, Iodine solution, Ninhydrin solution, sodium hydroxide, all chemical substances have been used to discover the presence of phytochemical components which have been acquired from the studies lab of Galgotias Leaves and stems incorporate β-sitosterol, stigmasterol, taraxeryl acetate and 3 cyclopropane compounds and their derivatives.

Chemical Constituents:

Leaves and stems comprise β-sitosterol, stigmasterol, taraxeryl acetate and 3 cyclopropane compounds and their derivatives. Flowers comprise cyanidindiglucoside, flavonoids and vitamins, thiamine, riboflavin, niacin and ascorbic acid. Quercetin-3diglucoside, 3,7-diglucoside, cyanidin-3,5- diglucoside and cyanidin-3-sophoroside-5-glucoside had been remoted from deep yellow flowers; allabove compounds and kaempferol-3xylosylglucoside had been remoted from ivory white flowers.

USES: -

It is a powerful antimicrobial with antibacterial, antiviral, antifungal, antiprotozoal, antimalarial, and anthelmintic properties.

It is also an antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, radioprotective, hepatoprotective, neuroprotective, cardioprotective, anti-diabetic, anti-hypertensive, anticarcinogenic, anti-pyretic, anti-allergenic, and analgesic properties

PLANT PROFILE 4:

Fig.No.04Shikakai

Scientific name: Acacia concinna
Family: Fabaceae
Kingdom: Plantae

Chemical constituents:

Lupeol, spinasterol, acacic acid, lactone, and the herbal sugars glucose, arabinose and rhamnose. It additionally includes hexacosanol, spinasterone, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, succinic acid, ascorbic acid, and the alkaloids calyctomine and nicotine

Herbal properties of shikakai –

Vitamin A, C, D, E, and K – Provides nourishment to the hair and sell wholesome hair growth.

Saponins – Works as a lather while blended with water.

Antioxidants – Moisturize the hair and make it soft.

Anti-fungal and anti-bacterial properties – Helps to save you lice and scalp infection.

Uses: -

- ✓ It is an herb specially used for controlling hair fall and dandruff.
- ✓ Shikakai may be used by myself or in mixture with reetha and amla as a shampoo to assist control hair fall and save you dandruff because of its cleaning and antifungal properties.
- ✓ Shikakai has been used for hair care in India for loads of years.
- ✓ The pods, leaves and the bark of the Shikakai tree is a wealthy supply of Vitamin A, C, D, E and K.
- ✓ It may be used withinside the shape of shampoo to smooth hair.
- ✓ Used in making hair oil and whilst hair mask to nourish.

PLANT PROFILE 5

METHEE:

Fig.No.05 METHE

Scientific name: Trigonella foenum-graecum
Family: Fabaceae.
Species: T. foenum-graecum

Chemical constituents of fenugreek:

NUTRIENT	VALUE
Carbohydrates	58%
Proteins	23%-26%
Fats	0.9%
Fibers	25%

USES:

- Fenugreek leaves are eaten in India as a vegetable.
- Fenugreek is involved in the useful resource of the usage of mouth for digestive problems which encompass loss of appetite, dissatisfied stomach, constipation, contamination of the stomach (gastritis).
- Fenugreek is also used for diabetes, painful menstruation, polycystic ovary syndrome, and obesity.

Side Effects:

1. Fenugreek is LIKELY SAFE for human beings whilst taken via way of means of mouth in quantities commonly determined in foods.
2. It is POSSIBLY SAFE whilst taken via way of means of mouth in quantities used for medicinal purposes (quantities large than commonly determined in food) for up to six months.
3. Side results consist of diarrhea, belly upset, bloating, gas, dizziness, headache, and a "maple syrup" smell in urine.
4. Fenugreek can reason nasal congestion, coughing, wheezing, facial swelling, and excessive allergies in hypersensitive human beings.
5. Fenugreek would possibly decrease blood sugar.

PLANT PRFILE 6
COCONUT OIL:

Fig.No.06coconut oil

Scientific name: Cocosnucifera

Clade: Commelinids

Order: Arecales

Family: Arecaceae

Subfamily:Arecoideae

CHEMECAL CONSTITUENT:

Coconut oil consists of the fatty acids, caprylic acid C -8:0 (8%), capric acid, C-10:0, (7%), lauric acid C-12:0, (49%), myristic acid C- 14:0(8%), palmitic acid C-16:0 (8%), stearic acid C-18:0 (2%), oleic acid C-18:1 (6%) and 2% of C-18:2 linoleic acid. The to start with produced 'coconut oil' is sincerely a white strong rather saturated fats with a feature odour. It is extracted via way of means of both bloodless urgent or solvent extraction of the coconut flesh. This fat has a melting factor of 25 °C and is fairly solid to oxidation whilst uncovered to the air. Chemically it's miles very excessive in saturated fats, to 85%. When the strong in addition handled via way of means of fractionating it offers a clean oil.

USES:

(1) Protect Your Skin from UV Rays

- When implemented for your pores and skin, coconut oil might also additionally guard it from the Solar's ultraviolet (UV) rays, which boost your threat of pores and skin most cancers and reason wrinkling and brown spots.
- In fact, one examines discovered that coconut oil blocks approximately 20% of the Solar's UV rays
- However, hold in thoughts that it does not offer the equal safety as traditional sunscreen, which blocks approximately 90% of UV rays.
- Another examine envisioned that coconut oil has a solar safety factor (SPF) of 7, which continues to be

decrease than the minimal advice in a few countries.

(2) Increase Your Metabolism

• Coconut oil includes medium-chain triglycerides. These are fatty acids which can be speedy absorbed and might boom the quantity of energy you burn Controlled research have proven that MCTs can drastically at the least temporarily.

• One takes a look at located that 15–30 grams of MCTs extended the quantity of energy burned through a median of one hundred twenty over a 24-hour period.

(3) Cook Safely at High Temperatures

• Coconut oil has a completely excessive content. In fact, approximately 87% of its fats is saturated. This function makes it one of the satisfactory fat for excessive-warmth cooking, inclusive of

• Saturated fat maintains their shape while heated to excessive temperatures, not like polyunsaturated fatty acids located in vegetable oils.

• Oils together with corn and safflower are transformed into poisonous compounds while heated. These might also additionally have dangerous consequences on health

• Therefore, coconut oil is a more secure opportunity for cooking at excessive temperatures.

(4). Improve Your Dental Health

Coconut oil may be an effective weapon towards microorganism, inclusive of Streptococcus mutans, the microorganism on your mouth that reasons dental plaque, enamel decay, and gum disease.

In one take a look at, swishing with coconut oil for 10 minutes — called oil pulling — decreased those microorganism as efficaciously as rinsing with an antiseptic mouthwash.

(5). Relieve Skin Irritation and Eczema

Research shows that coconut oil improves dermatitis and other skin disorders at least as well as mineral oil and other conventional moisture.

In a study in children with eczema, 47% of those treated with coconut oil noticed major improvements

(6). Improve Brain Function

• The MCTs in coconut oil are damaged down via way of means of your liver and became ketones that may act as an opportunity electricity supply in your mind.

• Several research have observed MCTs to have mind-blowing advantages for mind disorders, together with epilepsy and Alzheimer's.

• Some researchers advise the usage of coconut oil as a supply of MCTs to boom the manufacturing of ketones.

PLANT PROFILE 7:

ALMOND OIL:

PLANT DISCRIPTION:

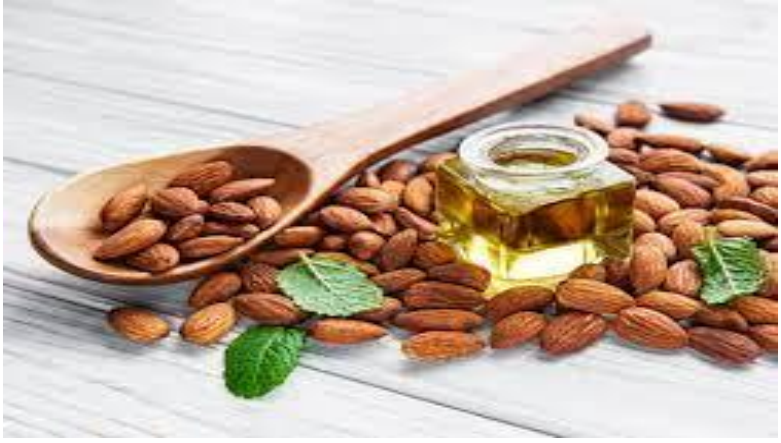


Fig.No.07. Almond Oil

The almond is a deciduous tree growing to 4–12.2 metres (13– 40 feet) in height, with a trunk of up to 30 centimetres (12 inches) in diameter. The young twigs are green at first, becoming purplish where exposed to sunlight, then gray in their second year. The leaves are 8–13 cm (3–5 in) long, with a serrated margin and a 2.5 cm (1 in) petiole. The flowers are white to pale pink, 3–5 cm (1–2 in) diameter with five petals, produced singly or in pairs and appearing before the leaves in early spring. Almond grows best in Mediterranean climates with warm, dry summers and mild, wet winters. The optimal temperature for their growth is between 15 and 30 °C (59 and 86 °F) and the tree buds have a chilling requirement of 200 to 700 hours below 7.2 °C (45.0 °F) to break dormancy. Almonds begin bearing an economic crop in the third year after planting. Trees reach full bearing five to six years after planting. The fruit matures in the autumn, 7–8 months after flowering.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITON:

chemical composition of an Almonds contains lipids (around 50%), proteins (around 25%) and carbohydrates (around 20%), and have a low moisture content and minor bioactive compounds. The beneficial effects of almond consumption are associated with its composition of macro- and micronutrients.

- Product Name = NIKKOL Sweet Almond Oil
- Description = Triglyceride; main component is oleic acid Halal
- Certified.
- Chemical Class = Vegetable Oils

USES:

Nutrient:

almonds are 4% water, 22% carbohydrates, 21% protein and 50% fat (table). In a 100-gram (3+½-ounce)

reference amount, almonds supply 2,420 kilojoules (579 kilocalories) of food enery the almond is a nutritionally dense food (table), providing a rich source (20% or more of the Daily Value, DV) of the B vitamins riboflavin and niacin, vitamin E and the essential minerals calcium copper, iron, magnesium, manganese, phosphorus, and zinc. Almonds are a moderate source (10–19% DV) of the B vitamins thiamine, vitamin B_6, and folate, choline, and the essential mineral potassium. They also contain substantial dietary fiber, the monounsaturated fat, oleic acid, and the polyunsaturated fat, linoleic acid. Typical of nuts and seeds, almonds are a source of phytosterols such as beta-sitosterol, stigmasterol, campesterol, sitostanol, and campestanol3. Helps opposite solar damage.

Health:

Almonds are included as a good source of protein among recommended healthy foods by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). A 2016 review of clinical research indicated that regular consumption of almonds may reduce the risk of heart disease by lowering blood levels of LDL cholesterol.

PLANT PROFILE 8:

JASMINE FLOWER:

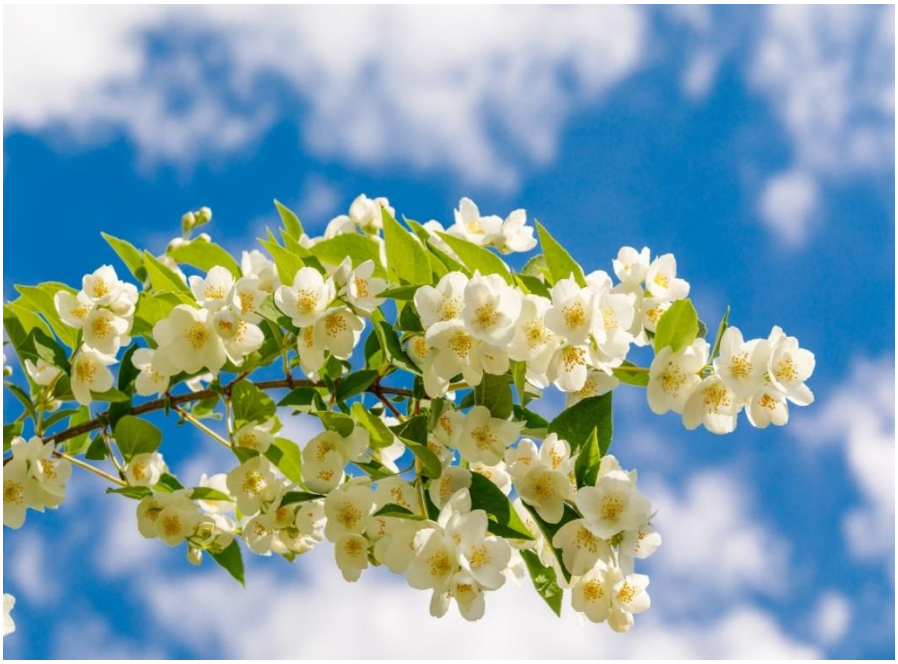


Fig.No.08JasmineFlower

Scientific name: Jasminum

Family: Oleacea

Order: Lamiales

Kingdom: Plant

Common jasmine, or poet's jasmine (Jasminum officinale), local to Iran, produces aromatic white plant life which are the supply of attar of jasmine utilized in perfumery. It is extensively cultivated for its shining leaves and clusters of plant life that bloom in summer. Winter jasmine (J. nudiflorum), a Chinese species with solitary yellow plant life, is used as a cowl plant on hillsides. Japanese, or primrose, jasmine (J. missy) is a comparable plant with large plant life that bloom at some point of the winter. Italian jasmine (J. humile), a vinelike shrub with yellow

plant life, has many cultivated varieties. The aromatic dried plant life of Arabian jasmine (J. sambac) is used to make jasmine tea**.**

CHEMECAL CONSTITUENT:

Phenylephrine chloride (PE), Nω-nitro-L-arginine (L-NA), atropine sulfate, acetylcholine chloride (Ach), rutin hydrate, oleuropein, kaempferol disaccharides, and quercetin had been bought from Sigma-Aldrich Chemical, USA. All different chemical compounds used had been of analytical grade.

All plant components of Cestrum species are toxic, specifically the berries. Day blooming jasmine (Cestrum diurnuSm) carries a glycoside of 1, 25-dihydroxycholecalciferol this is hydrolyzed withinside the digestive tract to energetic nutrition D3.

USES:

1. Jasmine has been used for liver disease (hepatitis), ache because of liver scarring (cirrhosis), and belly ache because of excessive diarrhea (dysentery).
2. It is likewise used to save you stroke, to reason relaxation (as a sedative), to intensify sexual desire (as an aphrodisiac), and in most cancers' treatment.
3. The maximum used species in perfumery are jasmine sambac and jasmine grandiflorum.
4. Jasmine sambac comes from jap India and the southern Himalayas, it's also discovered in China.
5. It is a hairy evergreen shrub, pruned every yr through approximately 30cm
6. Mental alertness. Inhaling jasmine aroma at some stage in an alertness assessment would not enhance response time or variety of accurate responses. Also, breathing in jasmine at some stage in
7. Use in Cancer treatment.

LITERATURE REVIEW:

1. Monoethanolamine-based vs. ammonia-based colorant hair damage.

A.D. Bailey, G. Zhang and B.P. Murphy; J Cosmet Sci 65(1) 1-9; Jan/ Feb 2014

According to the authors of this paper, the number of permanent hair color products utilizing 2-aminoethanol [monoethanolamine (MEA)] in place of ammonia is increasing. The focus of this work was understanding the relative hair damage caused by each, particularly at the upper use limits of MEA. Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy measurements of cysteic acid levels were paired with scanning electron microscopy photomicrographs to visualize cuticle damage and protein loss.All methods showed greater damage from MEA-based formulations-up to 85%, in the most extreme case, versus ammonia. The authors, therefore, suggest minimizing the volatility of ammonia to reduce its odor rather than replacing it with high levels of MEA

2.Microscopic changes in Iranian hair from coloring, waving and ironing

Talghini and M. Ranjkesh, Pak J Biol Sci 16(20) 1184-8; Oct 15, 2013

This study examined the microscopic changes to hair caused by coloring, waving and hair ironing. For the study, 154 Iranian women were recruited and categorized in four groups: a control group (n = 35) who had not treated hair within six months; a dyed hair group (n = 49); a waved hair group (n = 35); and an ironed-hair group (n =

35).Hair samples from all groups were examined microscopically and compared with the controls.The rate of abnormal hair structure findings was 17.1% in the control group; 53.1% in the dyed hair group; 45.7% in the waved hair group; and 54.3% in the ironed hair group.

3.**p-Phenylenediamine with methoxymethyl side chain for reduced sensitization**

C. Goebel, J. Troutman, J. Hennen, H. Rothe, H. Schlatter, G.F. Gerberick and B. Blömeke; Toxicol Appl Pharmacol; 274(3) 480-7 (Feb 1, 2014)

The sensitizing capacity of p-phenylenediamine (PPD) and p-toluylenediamine (PTD, i.e., 2-methyl-PPD), used in oxidative hair dyes, are well-established. [For more on this, see Page 10 of this issue.] However, modification of their molecular structure may impair their color performance.Here, the authors introduced a methoxymethyl side chain to the primary intermediate 2-methoxymethyl-p-phenylenediamine(ME-PPD), and found it provided **[37]**

Determining pheomelanin/eumelanin ratio in red hair

E.N. Chikvaidze, T.M. Partskhaladze and T.V. Gogoladze; Magn Reson Chem; doi: 10.1002/mrc.4075, e-pub ahead of print; Apr 22, 2014

In this paper, the authors assess the electron spin resonance (ESR) spectra of red hair samples. At a low microwave power, two spectra were observed: a singlet spectrum from eumelanin and a triplet spectrum from pheomelanin. At high microwave power, however, only the triplet spectra was detected, due to saturation of the eumelanin singlet.Using different ratios of black to red hair, additional ESR spectra were plotted, and the researchers found a linear relationship between the two parameters. This minimally invasive method is therefore proposed to measure pheomelanin content in hair as well as skin—which could be of interest because pheomelanin actsas a pro-oxidant upon exposure to UV radiation.

DISCUSSION:

Herbal hair oil is one of the most well recognized hair treatments. Herbal hair oil not only moisturizes scalp but also reverses dry scalp and dry hair condition. It provides numerous essential nutrients required to maintain normal function of sebaceous glands and promotes natural hair growth. The herbal hair oil was prepared from the above-mentioned ingredients and it was subjected to the qualitative chemical analysis for identification of various plant constituents.

The various parameters like Colour, Odour, Specific gravity (density), Viscosity, Saponification value, Acid value, Refractive index and irritation test of herbal hair oil was evaluated.Anti-dandruff activity was carried out by measuring the zone of inhibition of herbal hair oil. Hair oil Showed good activity

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

1.The present review is to know about the various constituents available in herbal extracts such as minerals and amino acids may be the cause for the significant hair growth activity.

2.All these drugs not only show remarkable activity but are also devoid of potential side effects as compared to synthetic drugs.

3.It gets absorbed into the scalp with in a shorter period of time and thus acts as nourishment to hairs.

4. It acts as natural hair nourisher, helping in hair growth by the reduction of hair fall. Due to the addition of Neem, it also acts as antidandruff hair tonic.

5. Amla and Eclipta alba helps in thickening and blackening of hair. Hibiscus helps in hair softening resulting in healthy growth.

6. All these dried and powered drugs mixed with coconut oil in sufficient quantities will give a permanent solution for hair fall and proper hair growth.

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