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Responsible Adoption of Disruptive Technologies: An Ethical Analysis

Tanisha Baliyan

Student, MA English, IGNOU

Abstract:
The ethical predicaments on the application of disruptive technologies regarding biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality are what the subsequent researchers need to unearth. Against the background of ever-evolving tapestries of technologies causing disruptions in commerce and industries, this paper emphasizes the need for a very delicate balance to be struck between innovation and responsible adoption, if at all possible. It contributes to the need to have research and development with the technology that has been most sensitive to ethics and open a transparent conversation with the stakeholders. This raises yet another important question, a very important one, and means that other specialized establishment of ethics committees will have to envisage seriously, in a proactive way, the developed faces of all such concerns for raising new issues. The paper also underlines the role of the regulatory framework and safeguards in tapping into the ethical challenges such technological disruption entails. Very specific technologies that have been addressed include

- *the potential contribution that biotechnology can make to medicine and agriculture,*
- *several promises created by nanotechnology and*
- *the nature and impact of virtual reality.*

Overall, this paper has made evident what needs to be done collectively in order to integrate these technologies responsibly. In this sense, the final goal is to maximize how much these emerging disruptive technologies can be used and minimize them so as to avoid the ethical pitfalls and potential harm these pose to society.

Introduction

The technology revolution brought in disruptive technologies that resulted in radical changes in almost all industries. Several of such technologies carry the potential to create significant value for businesses within the consumer products industry. However, as pragmatism demands, ethical issues have to be weighed while contemplating the adoption of such technologies.

In this paper, it is discussed how disruptive technologies should be adopted responsibly, especially on how they balance between innovation and the need to address ethical considerations within the biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality sectors.

Ethical Challenges in the Adoption of Disruptive Technologies

1. Disruption in the Economy: The moving in technology is giving rise to disturbances within the already set industries and business models, and the result of these are economic instability, and even some workers are displaced from their current jobs. The protection of the same disruption from the ethical perspective needs to be scanned and protection for the same may be taken into consideration.

2. Ethical Concerns: Disruptive technologies raise ethical concerns across wide spectra of privacy, security, and consent of the individual. For example, the current tendency to build up and process huge data sets of information in biotechnology and virtual reality might actually run the risk of eventually invading somebody's privacy. By this, adoption calls for setting measures of setting responsible and ethic frames and guidelines that will take care of the interests and rights of people.

Balancing Innovation and Ethical Considerations

Striking such a balance in the two results in concern for innovations and other ethical considerations of disruptive technologies. It requires critical analysis and goes before to address the probable ethical challenges.

1. Responsible Research and Development: Development for the disruptive technology has to follow certain ethics and guidelines. Any concerned researcher or developer should weigh in advance the ethical implications and be able to incorporate responsible practices all the way the development. This means a thorough assessment of risk must be done, meeting stakeholders in open discussions.

2. Regulatory bodies / Ethics committee: Specialized ethics committees/regulatory bodies will need to be established that will be geared towards the use and applications of disruptive technologies in areas such as biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality. The committees/bodies will be useful in detecting and analysing defects of an ethical nature emanating from the use of disruptive technologies. These could be related to data privacy or, say, the risk of biotechnology and artificial intelligence. It is one of the difficult ethical issues—those made possible through genetic engineering or developments in reproductive technology—all the way through concerns to do with, for example, nanotechnology and its potential environmental matters of known effects, privacy, or surveillance.

Another closely related ethical challenge related to the insurgent technology is that of the wide and varied impact on society and its citizens. The choice to highlight some, such as biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality, was because each of these holds out potentially disruptive change. With the possibility for disruption, some questions arise in terms of the existing status quo and what that means for societal norms, values, and power structures.

This will call for the responsible adoption of disruptive technologies to give at least a careful look at the challenges that the ethical question may pose. From these, whether they are from the implications of data privacy to the manipulation of the human genome, they in an equal manner, all in one way or another, mean a calling and the need for the adoption of balanced thinking with an equal share in innovatively ethical regard towards the development and implementation of these technologies. These ethical challenges would bring society's tussle toward appropriate demand in disruptive technology across areas of biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality.

This understanding encompasses the possible gains and sting of disruptive technologies in entrepreneurship and business creation among other two crucial sectors in the world economy. This paper discusses the disruptive technologies while examining their biotechnologies and nanotechnologies among the technologies. It is critical to understand that disruptive technologies are made up of technologies such as biotechnology, nanotechnology and Virtual Reality among others. The above technologies are expected to change the mode of operations in most industries together with human experience. However, some of the disruptive technologies will characteristically lighted by some ethical challenges in their adoption. Ethical Issues related to 3D Printing Technology.

Of importance, another perspective to check on concerns the health- and safety risks disruptive technologies expose the human beings to. Biotechnology, for example, presents immense potential in the fields of medicine and agriculture, among others. It enables the production of drugs that cure lives as well as the development of genetically modified crops that may help end the current global food crisis. However, moral voices arise regarding the genetic engineering and human enhancement concepts.

Safety for the people requires confirmation through specification of regulations and policies set in place to ensure the responsible use of biotechnology.

Nanotechnology is an exciting core of promising futuristic potentials and, at the same time, brings in a pool of ethical challenges. The ability to manipulate matter at the level of individual atoms and molecules holds out prospects for great breakthroughs in medicine, energy, electronics, and more. However, ethics come into play in finding out what the potential environmental footprint will be and how safe the uses of nanomaterials will be. Ensuring that there is a balance between innovation and ethical consideration involves setting up robust safety protocols and carrying out risk assessments in great detail just to reduce, to the least possible extent, any potential harm. Another DARPA making in the list for disrupt technology is "Virtual Reality," which is going to redefine the experience of entertainment entirely, infusing it with an artificial environment. It was first conceptualized to train aircraft pilots but has now taken over entertainment, education, and health. It looks as if VR is standing on a thin line defined by the addition of issues such as the ethics of privacy, potential addiction, and causing a blurring between the virtual pitch, as a real world. Any such regulations are likely going to have to

define safeguards to protect the privacy of the participants and the measures not to draw them into potential addiction or psychological or societal consequences. This means that the urge to adopt such technologies is innovation-driven and at the same time there is an element of consideration of ethics. This requires that there has to be collaboration of stakeholders on the subject. A situation that means that where possible, it will bring together technology experts, ethics, policymakers, social sciences, and many others in shaping and assist in the steering of the decision-making that is considered well-informed. Open dialogues and debates have to be encouraged to address probable risks and challenges connected with the technologies.

Conclusion:

In summary, responsible integration of new or disruptive technologies is an in-depth analysis of the balance that relates to innovation and consideration of ethics. Arguably, through keen consideration of the potential gains, pitfalls, as well as ethical challenges of biotechnology, nanotechnology, and virtual reality, perhaps, guidelines can then be laid along with the rules that significantly help encourage responsible, as well as the ethical uses of the above-mentioned technologies. Such disruptive technologies could be utilized in a way to the benefit of society while at the same time limiting the level of potential harm that these technologies can do through cooperative action and open dialogue.

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